	MODEL PAPER2
1.	The calling bell rang while I(talk) to my friend
	1) Have talked 2) have been taking 3) had talked 4) was talking
2.	The train left at 9 a.m. I reached the station at 9.10a.m(which the following sentence express
	the some idea)
	1) When I reached the station, the train had already left
	2) When the train had left, I had already reached the station.
	 When I had already reached the stadium, the train left
	4) When I reached the station, I train left
2	· ·
3.	
-	1) A 2) an 3) the 4) No article.
4.	She thinks he islatha mangeshar
	1) A 2) an 3) the 4) no article
5.	Change the following sentence from direct in to indirect speech.
	Tom says,"There is no ink in the ink-point"
	 Tom said that there is no ink in the ink pot.
	2) Tom said that there was no ink in the ink pot.
	3) Tom says that there was no ink in the ink pot.
	4) Tom says that there is no ink in the ink pot
6.	Raman will say ," Nobody was in the room"
	1) Raman will say that nobody was in the room.
	2) Raman would say that nobody had in the room.
	3) Raman will say that nobody had in the room
	4) Raman will say that nobody had been in the room
7.	Some one introduced me to P.C.Sorkar.
	1) I am introduced to P.C. Sokar 3) I was introduced to P.C. Sokar
	2) I have been introduced to P.C. Sokar 4) I will be introduced to P.C. Sokar
8.	The man ordered jerry to put down his gun(change in to passive voice)
	 Jerry was ordered to put down his gun.
	Jerry is ordered to put down his gun.
	3) Jerry was order to put down his gun.
	4) Jerry has been ordered to put down his gun.
9.	A wedding invitation card is a/an
	1) official letter 2) business letter 3) personal letter 4) formal letter
10.	The mode of address in a letter to a firm should be
	dear sir, 2) Dear madam, 3) Dear friend, 4) Dear sirs,
,	Don'tyour work any longer.do it now
12	. Identify the silent letter in the word. <u>'doubt'</u>
	1) d 2) b 3) u 4) t
13	3. Identify the disyllabic word from the given list.
	1) Art 2) segregate 3) salute 4) professor
14	. Swaroopa rani marrieda professor.
1)	with 2) to 3) for 4) by
15	. The yashoda doctors operatedbhanuapendicitis.
	1) on, with 2) in, for 3) on, for 4) on , on
16	. <u>Ganthasala</u> sang melodiously.
	1) noun 2) pronoun 3)verb 4) adverb
17	. He is a man <u>of</u> integrity.
	1) pronoun 2) preposition 3) adjective 4) adverb
18	Identify the correctly spelt word.
	1) twelveth 2) twelfth 3) twelth 4) tvelveth
19	 Ramesh is the tallest in his familymeans. Every one is taller than Ramesh.
	 All are as tall as Ramesh
	3) No one else is as tall as Ramesh
	4) Some members are taller than Ramesh.
	. In the word 'organization 'stress falls onsyllable

MODEL PAPER2
21. / b ae t l /change the phonetic transcription in to english word.
1) bottle 2) beetle 3) battle 4) bottom
22. /I : / sounds in
1) Pin 2) pen 3) feel 4) fell
23. " It is always better to put a side some money for a rainy day", father said to his son. This is a
1) Command 2) counsel 3) request 4) demand
24. "Every student has to write number on the answer sheet in the space provided for it". this is
1) An instruction 3) a piece of advice
2) A suggestion 4) an enquiry 25. Alexander Graham Bell
1) Found 2) explored 3) invented 4) discovered
26. His personal was so <u>absurd</u> that every one laughed(what does the under lined word mean)
1) ridiculous 2) serious 3)useless 4)new
27. Cull (synonym)
1) select 2) enrage 3) refine 4) ATTACK
28. FIEND (Antonym)
1) saintly 2) miniature 3) endanger 4) flipping
29. Karan came late,?
1) doesn't he? 2) did he? 3) didn't he? 4) wont't he?
30. I have given him a few mangoes,
1) Havel? 2) haven't ? 3) don't ? 4) didn't ?
 Shyamala lives in Madras. She is my cousin.(change in to compound sentence) As shyamala is my cousin, she lives in Madras.
 As shyamala is my cousin, she lives in Madras. Because Shyamala lives in Madras, she is my cousin.
3) Shyamala , who lives in Madras in my cousin
4) Shyamala lives in Madras , and she is my cousin
 32. He is incompetent, he is polite. (change in to compound sentence)
1) As he is incompetent , he is polite
2) He is incompetent and he is polite.
3) Because he is incompetent, he is polite.
4) He is incompetent but he is polite.
33. You should study hard or you will not pass the test(choose its correct simple form)
1) Working hard you have passed the test
2) Hard study has made you pass the test
3) You will be passing the test by hard study
4) You should study hard to pass the test.
34. Finish that exercise. Only then I will help you.
 If you finish that exercise, I will help you. You finish ad that exercise I will help you.
 If you finished that exercise, I will help you. If you finished that exercise have been as a second se
 3) If you will finish that exercise, I will help you. 4) If you had finished that exercise, I would have helped you.
4) If you had finished that exercise, I would have helped you.
Passage
Through out the century has palanquin played a large part in Anglo-Indian life. It was the regular mode of conveya
from house to office, and on all small journeys of business or pleasure, and on long expeditions across country. Wi
the growth of roads carriages of various sorts were used for afternoon airings, but the palanquin remained the
essential means of transport within the settlements. Every one down to the writer just arrived from England
possessed a palanquin if he could.
The original valency in use the 'dealy' which use an ordinary string hadstood five fact by two several y
The original palanquin was the 'dooly', which was an ordinary string bedstead, five feet by two, covered a light bamboo frame and draped with red curtains. From this the ornate palanquin of Kolkata and Chennai was
developed .first the shape was changed to that of a hexagon. Then the sides were raised, more ornament was add
and the canopy was arched. Cushions were added inside, and curtains which could completely close the palanquir
desired. The occupant reclined at full length, and was often supplied with specially designed hookah, at which he
could pulp as he was borne along to business.
In Kolkata, Oriyas were usually employed as bearers, but their monopoly was later broken by men from
Patna and Dacca. The usual number in a set was seven, one cooking for the rest, one being the sirdar or head bear
The actual carrying was therefore done by five men. The palanquin bearers were very independent and on occasic
went on strike.
35. The nalanguin was
35. The palanquin was1) The only mode of transport for the Anglo-Indians
· · · · ·
 2) One of the modes of transport for the Anglo-Indians 2) The regular mode of transport for expeditions 2) The regular mode of transport for expeditions

3) The regular mode of transport for expeditions.

4) A suitable mode of transport for after noon airings.

				MODEL PAPER2		
36. Ca	rriages were re	gularly ι	used for			
1)	Long expedition	ons		3) business trips		
2)	Afternoon airi	ngs		4) pleasure trips		
37. Ma	ork the correct	stateme	nt			
1)	Oriyas were a	ways en	nployed as b	earers.		
2) Oriyas were never employed as bearers.						
3)	Oriyas were, i	nitially e	mployed as	bearers.		
4)	Oriyas were o	ften emp	ployed as be	arers.		
38. Th	e palanquin wa	s used f	or			
1)	Smoking hook	ah 2)	sitting	3) sitting and reclinin	g 4) reclining	
39. Th	e usual numbei	employ	ed for pala	nquin was		
1)	Five 2)	seven	3) six	4) eight		
40. Ide	ntify the sente	nce with	n correct pu	nctuation		
1)	I came; I saw;	l conque	ered.			
2)	I came, I saw,	l conque	ered.			
3)	I came I saw,	l conque	ered.			
		•				

KEY SET

1) 4	2) 1	3) 3	4) 1	5) 4	6) 1	7) 3	8)1
9) 4	10) 4	11) 1	12) 2	13) 3	14) 2	15) 3	16) 1
17) 2	18) 2	19) 3	20) 4	21) 3	22) 3	23) 2	24) 1
25) 3	26) 1	27) 1	28) 1	29) 3	30) 2	31) 4	32) 4
33) 2	34) 1	35) 3	36) 2	37) 4	38) 1	39) 2	40)1